

A for Accessibility: Semantic Artifacts

Chairs: Clement Jonquet, Joonas Kesäniemi

Welcome & Agenda

14:00 - 14:05	Introduction to the session	Clement Jonquet, INRAE
14:05 - 14:20	A is for Access: not just protocols, semantics matter! Keynote	Carole Goble, University of Manchester
14:20 - 14:30	Research Software MetaData (RSMD) guidelines, the CodeMeta standard and the RSAC services	Morane Gruenpeter, Software Heritage
14:30 - 14:40	FAIR mappings recommendations and the MSCR service	Yann Le Franc, e-Science Factory & Joonas Kesäniemi, CSC
14:40 - 14:50	FAIR Semantic Artefact and their Catalogues	Clement Jonquet, INRAE
14:50 - 15:00	DTR on the roadmap of implementing FDOs	Hans Lienhop, GDWG
15:00 - 15:30	Panel Discussion	Clement Jonquet (moderator) Morane Gruenpeter Yann Le Franc Joonas Kesäniemi Baptiste Cecconi Sophie Aubin Carole Goble



Any Questions? Submit them on Mentimeter!

Join at menti.com!

Use code 6927 7068





Introduction

Clement Jonquet, INRAE

FAIRfest 20 February 2025
The Hague, The Netherlands (Madurodam)
Celebrating the advancements in FAIR solutions for EOSC





transformative contributions of FAIR-IMPACT and FAIRCORE4EOSC projects to advancing FAIR principles in the domain of semantics: metadata & ontologies, mappings, and research software







○ COSC FAIRCORE4EOSC

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		Sophie Aubin
		Carole Goble
		Tommi Suominen

Feb. 20, 2025





Greater and more harmonised use of semantic artefacts throughout the EOSC ecosystem, leading to semantic interoperability within and between disciplines.

WP4 work on Semantic Artefact and their Catalogues

WP4 will develop and foster the uptake of a semantic framework for the governance, creation, mapping, sharing, reuse, FAIRness assessment and interoperability of semantic artefacts for EOSC.





Main focus of FAIR-IMPACT's WP4

...implementation of FAIR-enabling practices across communities and research outputs

WP4's use cases include

- Agri-food (INRAE with AgroPortal, EMPHASIS, ANAEE)
- Ecology/biodiversity (LifeWatch with EcoPortal)
- Earth sciences (CNRS with DataTerra EarthPortal)
- Photons and neutrons (UKRI-STFC)
- Social sciences and humanities (DANS)
- Astronomy (Obs. Paris)

...projecting
the FAIR
principles to
other types of
research
objects

WP4's research objects





Mapping & Crosswalk



Research Software



Our work on Semantic Artefacts and their Catalogues



- Existing catalogues being consolidated in communities
- New catalogues being deployed in other communities/projects
- Semantic Artefact « FAIR-by-design » methodology
- FAIRenabling tools and methods being transferred
- Exhaustive review of current and retired catalogues and FAIR-enabling criteria
- Catalogues being exploited in data repositories (9 use cases)
- A metadata standard for semantic artefacts (MOD)
- A standard API for semantic artefact catalogues (MOD-API)
- Early work on federation of 4 catalogues
- 3 possible models for semantic artefact governance
- Toward specifications for FAIR mappings



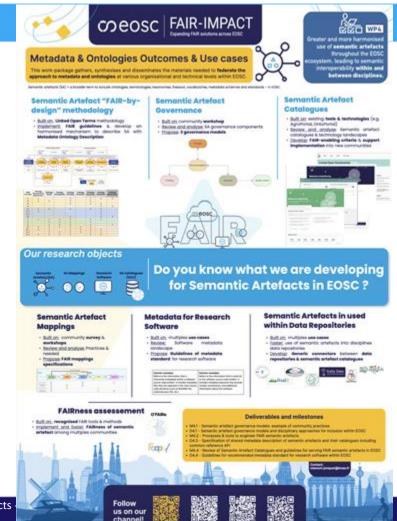


Mappings



FAIR-IMPACT's WP4 in the Marketplace

 Find Guillaume, Nina, Baptiste, Morane, Yann, Carole and me







Panelists

Clement Jonquet (moderator)

Joonas Kesäniemi (moderator)

Morane Gruenpeter

Yann Le Franc

Baptiste Cecconi

Sophie Aubin

Carole Goble

Tommi Suominen





 What was your perspective before FAIR-IMPACT / FAIRCORE4EOSC and how has it evolved 5 years later? (with or without our contributions)

 What results from FAIR-IMPACT / FAIRCORE4EOSC do you see as defining milestones for the future of semantics within EOSC?

• Starting from the EOSC SRIA (v1) and Interoperability Framework requirements, have we achieved something useful?



 FAIR-IMPACT focused heavily on FAIR principles and semantics (symbolic AI approaches) during a time of rapid advancements in data science and statistical AI. How do you see these approaches complementing one another?



 FAIR-IMPACT: what didn't go as planned? If we could start over, what would we do entirely differently? Are there opportunities or challenges we may have overlooked?

 What research directions should we explore in this knowledge and semantic landscape? Any trends, ideas, or intuitions?



 Semanta: How can we ensure the long-term sustainability of the outcomes produced related to Semantic Artefacts?

• Where do we go next?



A is for Access: not just protocols, semantics matter!

Carole Goble, University of Manchester



A is for Access not just protocols: semantics matter!

Professor Carole Goble
The University of Manchester, UK
ELIXIR Research Infrastructure for Life Sciences, UK Head of Node
Health Data Research UK
Software Sustainability Institute UK
European Virtual Institute for Research Software Excellence
FAIR-IMPACT

FAIRfest 20 February 2025
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Celebrating the advancements in FAIR solutions for EOSC



The Turing Way project illustration by Scriberia. Used under a CC-BY 4.0 licence. DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.3332807





Accessibility is the most important part of FAIR

Without access to the object, does the object exist?

No object archives, what will you access?

The Turing Way project illustration by Scriberia. Used under a CC-BY 4.0 licence. DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.3332807





F serves A

user finds the data or software, they need to know HOW to access it, and CAN they access it.

I and R depend on A Reuse: usage license to ACCESS

<50% researchers license their data/software (161 respondents – Meznah Aloqalaa)

No licensed use, access is devalued

The Turing Way project illustration by Scriberia. Used under a CC-BY 4.0 licence. DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.3332807



Refresher... A is for Accessible...

Access

the <u>object</u> and the <u>metadata</u> of the object

Protocols open, free, implementable standardised

- programmatic (not Click)
- standard APIs, web HTTPs

Retrieve (not resolve) by PID

- metadata always
- object, maybe not

Restrictions

- authentication, authorization
- object might be shielded, metadata might be, might not



1. Access <u>using</u> Metadata: Gatekeeping





https://eosc-entrust.eu/

Open Digital Rights Language ODRL Information Model 2.2

W3C Recommendation 15 February 2018



FAIR Digital Object

Metadata describing the user and the object

Metadata for tracking and monitoring provenance and access auditing

Disclosure control

2. Access to Metadata: FAIR Signposting





FAIR assessment can only happen if you can access the metadata to do the assessment

Look up an object's metadata using Web protocols

FAIRIMPACT
Support
Open Call













https://signposting.org/FAIR/

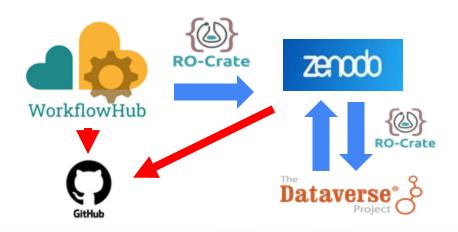
https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.10490289



2. Access to Metadata: by services, forever!

Using (Webby) FAIR Digital Objects to move metadata pointing to objects between services

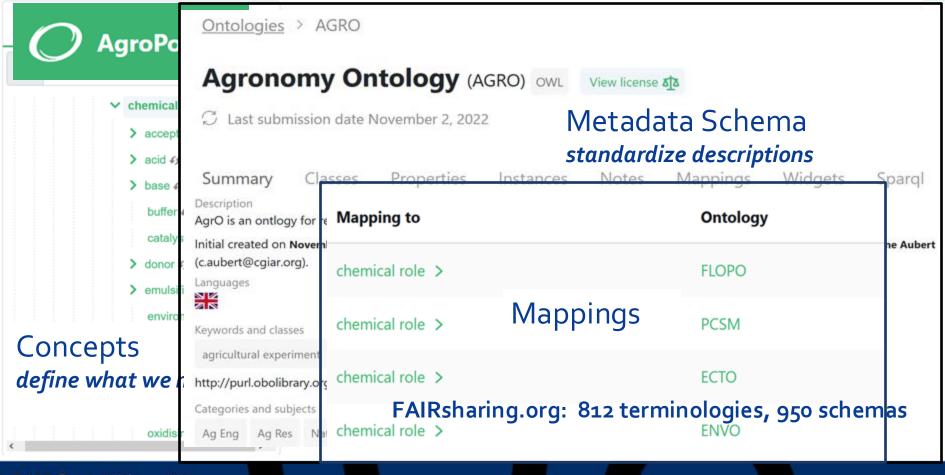
The registry disappears, can rescue and access the metadata, if not the object itself!





FAIR-IMPACT Support Open Call

3. Accessing Semantic Artefacts





Schema Crosswalks and Concept Mappings

can be simple, complex, computed

The CodeMeta Project

Software Metadata

IIII Crosswalk for WikiData Properties

& Crosswalk for DataCite metadata

Crosswalk for Debian packages

Crosswalk for DOAP Ontology

Crosswalk for GitHub API

Crosswalk for Java's Maven metadata

Crosswalk for NodeJS package.json

Crosswalk for Python distutils

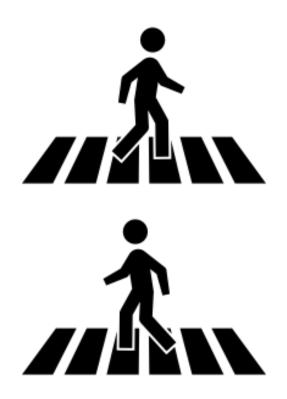
Crosswalk for R Packages

Crosswalk for Ruby gems

https://codemeta.github.io/crosswalk/



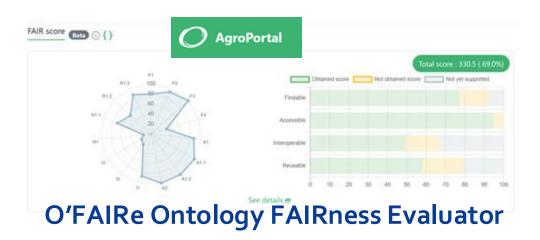




An EOSC FAIR Federation

is an exercise adaptable metadata crosswalks and mappings

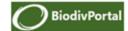
Semantic Artefacts are also FAIR (including Access)



EarthPortal











12. (Meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles

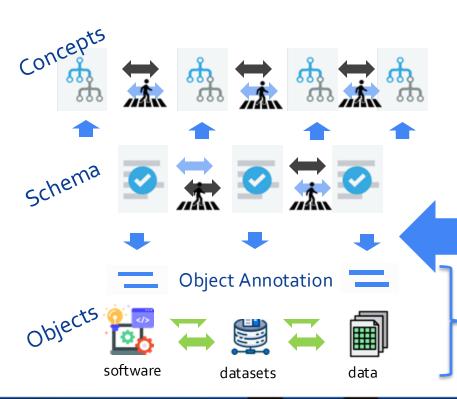
Metadata retrievable always and forever (even if the object is not)

The Semantic Artefacts and their versions used in the metadata be forever retrievable?

EOSC interoperability Framework Recommendations, 2021, doi: 10.2777/620649



Accessing the Dynamic Semantic Artefact Web



versioning & dependencies like FAIR Software: Access by PIDs

- Different versions (forever)
- Levels of granularity

Curation servants

External infrastructure, governance, methodologies



Accessing Semantic Artefacts: Capability & Capacity

Infrastructure, mapping methodology, governance, services



Semantic Artefact Catalogues
Mapping Entity Repositories
API Access
Catalogue/Repo Federation



Semantic Artefacts for the Semantic Artefacts API Definition





EOSC Metadata Schema and Crosswalk Registry









Profile Registries

Developing and implementing the semantic interoperability recommendations of the EOSC Interoperability Framework 2024, https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.10843882

Accessible to the Developers of EOSC Infrastructure

Semantic Artefacts need those access protocols to enable smart services

Widely known developer friendly toolbox of reliable high-quality services.

Capability and capacity to use.

Reliability and robustness of services.

Otherwise?

Elastic Search, LLMs, roll my own schema.



Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda of the EOSC, Nov 2024, Priority for metadata



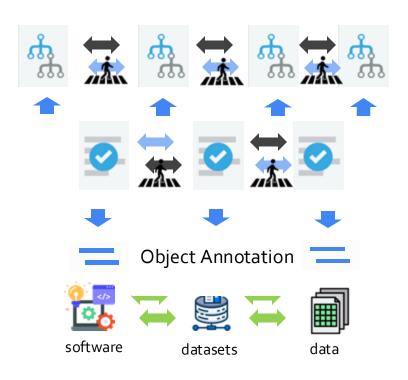
FAIR for AI

Semantic Artefacts for AI

Embedding in Knowledge Graphs/LLMs

Al for FAIR metadata auto-assistance

- Sensitive data disclosure control
- Metadata annotation & curation
- Semantic Artefacts themselves



Deciphering the data deluge: how large language models are transforming scientific data curation

Large language models are changing the way we carry out scientific data curation, annotation, and research, setting the stage for a more efficient understanding of scientific literature The Impact of Generative AI on Critical Thinking: Self-Reported Reductions in Cognitive Effort and Confidence Effects From a Survey of Knowledge Workers

Hao-Ping (Hank) Lee

Advait Sarkar

Lev Tankelevitch

GenAl shifts the nature of critical thinking toward information verification, response integration, and task stewardship.

niwilson@microsoft.com



Nicolas Matentzoglu, J. Harry Caufield, Harshad B. Hegde, Justin T. Reese, Sierra Moxon, Hyeongsik Kim, Nomi L. Harris, Melissa A Haendel, Christopher J. Mungall

Accountability, Quality control, Transparency....

Will LLMs and Elastic Search replace or complement Semantic Artefacts and metadata?



Access for All: Equitability

Controlled Access, Inclusive Access, Participation



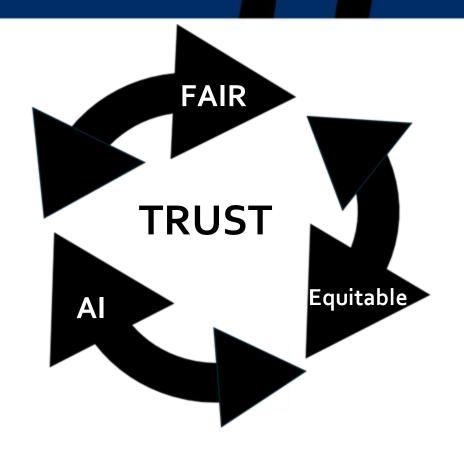
https://www.gida-global.org/care

Equitable participation in knowledge development, schema specification and metadata curation

Equitable access to Semantic Artefact **infrastructure and services**

Equitable access to infrastructure training and specialists





Access is not just protocols. Semantics Matter!

Requires infrastructure and capacity
+ Equitable access for developers
(and everyone else)

Al is game changing

With thanks!



Morane Gruenpeter



Mark Wilkinson



Clement Jonquet Tony Burdett



Nick Juty



Meznah Aloqalaa



Fotis Psomopoulos



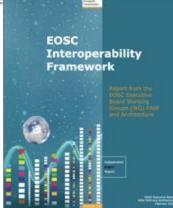
Maration 27 May 2012

Developing and implementing the semantic interoperability recommendations of the EOSC Interoperability Framework

Authorship Community:

Co-Char EDSC Task Force on Sementic Interspendible
 Manufac (EDSC Task Force on Sementic Intercognishin)

All authors have extended the name.
The cost is based on the collection and all conclusion of the base bring disdiscussions, where the based on the base based on the part of the based on the based o







Research Software MetaData (RSMD) guidelines, the CodeMeta standard and the RSAC services

Morane Gruenpeter, Software Heritage



CodeMeta: Semantic artefacts for Research Software

Morane Gruenpeter (Inria)

FAIRCORE4EOSC WP6 lead FAIR-IMPACT T4.3 lead













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Software is a Pillar of Open Science

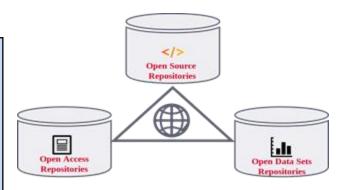
Research Software

- → created
 - during the research process
 - o for a research purpose

Software in research

→ used for research

FAIR4RS output: Gruenpeter et al. Defining Research Software: a controversial discussion (Version 1). Zenodo. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.5504016



Three pillars of Open Science Software Heritage CC-By 4.0 2019

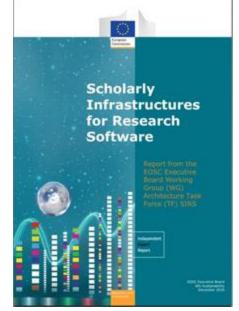
Software has multiple facets:

- a tool
- a research outcome or result
- the object of research





Implementing an EOSC vision to software metadata



SIRS report: European Commission, Directorate-General for Research and Innovation, Scholarly infrastructures for research software: report from the EOSC Executive Board Working Group (WG) Architecture Task Force (TF) SIRS, Publications Office, 2020, https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2777/28598

→ Creating the Research Software MetaData guidelines



- o <u>RSMD guidelines</u>
- → Contributing to the <u>CodeMeta</u> initiative
 - Implementing a community governance model
 - The establishment of a Project Management Committee
 - Refactoring CodeMeta vocabulary, tools and mappings







How to describe software? We need metadata...

Software development platforms

(on platform page)

- GitHub
- Bitbucket
- SourceForge
- ...

Package managers

- PyPI
- NPM
- ..

rinsic metadae

Catalogs and registries

- ASCL
- swMath
- OpenAire
- libraries.io
- Research Software Directory escience center
- ...

In the source code (as a file)

- README
- LICENSE
- AUTHORS
- Package manager file
- codemeta.json / CFF file
- ...

Scholarly repositories

- Zenodo (InvenioRDM)
- HAL
- ...

Scholarly publishers

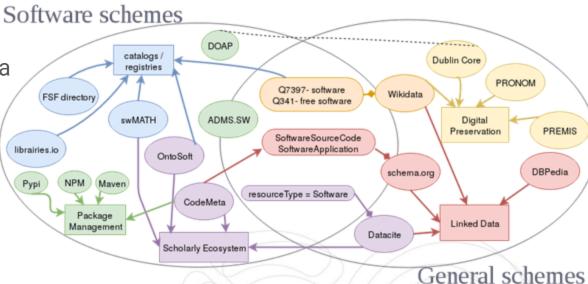
- IPOL
- eLife
- Dagstuhl
- Episciences
- / ...





CodeMeta Initiative

- A subset of schema.org
- An academic community discussing software metadata
- A crosswalk table mapping the metadata landscape



Gruenpeter M. and Thornton K. (2018) Pathways for Discovery of Free Software (slide deck from LibrePlanet 2018). https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Pathways-discovery-free.pdf accessed on 6.11.2020.





We have a version 3.0 🌠

3.0

progval released this Jul 13 · 1 commit to master since this release 5 3.0 -0- 19a4de2

Vocabulary changes:

- Renamed codemeta:contIntegration to codemeta:continuousIntegration (#302 by @tmorrell)
- Renamed codemeta:embargoDate to codemeta:embargoEndDate (#314 by @tmorrell)
- · Added codemeta: hasSourceCode and codemeta: isSourceCodeof to describe links between schema: SoftwareSourceCode and schema:SoftwareApplication . (#300 by @dgarijo and @progval)

Context changes:

- · Updated the context with the above names changes.
- Removed type restriction to schema:releaseNote (#280 by @progval)
- Added schema:Role, schema:startDate, schema:endDate, and schema:roleName, to allow easier expression of author and contributor roles. See http://blog.schema.org/2014/06/introducing-role.html for an introduction to the concept. (#241 by @proqval)
- Added schema:Review, schema:review, schema:reviewAspect, and schema:reviewBody, to describe software reviews. (#311 by @progval)

Other changes:

- Added a crosswalk from codemeta v2 to codemeta v3 (#315 by @progval)
- Fixed some new crosswalks missing from crosswalk.csv (#316 and #317 by @proqval)

Matthew B. Jones, Carl Boettiger, Abby Cabunoc Mayes, Arfon Smith, Morane Gruenpeter, Thomas Morrell, Daniel Garijo, Peter Slaughter, Kyle Niemeyer, Yolanda Gil. Martin Fenner. Krzysztof Nowak, Mark Hahnel, Luke Coy, Alice Allen, Mercè Crosas, Ashley Sands, Neil Chue Hong, Patricia Cruse, Daniel S. Katz, Carole Goble, Bryce Mecum,... 2023. CodeMeta: an exchange schema for software metadata.



The CodeMeta generator

- An open source tool to create codemeta.json files
 - Use it directly on the CodeMeta hosted version
 - Contributions are welcome on the code repository

Contributed to the community by



CodeMeta generator

Most fields are optional. Mandatory fields will be highlighted when generating Codemeta.

Name
My Software
the software title
Description
My Software computes ephemerides and orbit propagation. It has been develo from early '80.
Creation date
YYYY-MM-DD
First release date
Hot release water

Updating tool with the v3.0:

https://github.com/codemeta/codemeta-generator/issues/23





CodeMeta v3.0 identification: pathway to accessibility

Ideally we should:

- 1. Get the context file directly, when requesting JSON-LD
- 2. Get the documentation page for the terms, when requesting HTML
- Have individual term identifiers resolve to anchored term definitions when HTML is requested.

The accepted suggestion is using https://w3id.org/codemeta (Thanks @dgarijo!)

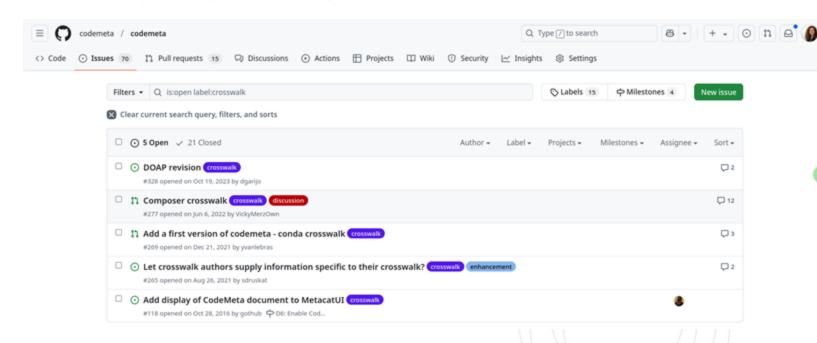
- curl -sH "Accept:application/ld+json" -L https://w3id.org/codemeta/ will get you the JSON.
- If you resolve https://w3id.org/codemeta/ in your browser, it should take you to the v3.0 of https://codemeta.github.io/terms/
- Version ids are supported: https://w3id.org/codemeta/{version}.
- For example https://w3id.org/codemeta/1.0. I redirected the HTML of the versions to https://codemeta.github.io/terms/
 - a. Version should be supported in the html too
- W3ID is open: https://github.com/perma-id/w3id.org/tree/master/codemeta





How To crosswalk? CodeMeta mappings

First, know your target vocabulary = CodeMeta





○ COSC | FAIR-IMPACT

FAIR4RS

The Research Software MetaData guidelines

The RSMD seven Aspects

1. General Metadata Requirements

2. Accessibility & preservation

3. Reference & identification

4. Description & classification

5. Attribution & credit

6. Reuse, licensing & legal aspects

7. Re-execute: Dependencies & execution environment

SIRS report

A = Archive A = Accessible

Reference F = Findable

D = Describe I = Interoperable

C = Cite

R =

R = Reusable

4

https://github.com/FAIR-IMPACT/RSMD-guidelines



SCHOLARLY ECOSYSTEM

Aggregators

Publishers

Scholarly repositories

RSAC=> Interoperability driven approach through MD

Research Software APIs and Connectors: implementing









The RSAC components connecting Software Heritage with

Scholarly repositories: Zenodo (CERN), DANS Dataverse's instance,



Publishers: Dagstuhl, Episciences





Aggregators: SwMath, OpenAire & Datacite





10.5281/zenodo.14509418









Read metadata curation report or come to the RS stand

Universal Software Archive

Software Heritage





Join the effort to describe software!

Thank you for your engagement.







FAIR mappings recommendations and the MSCR service

Yann Le Franc, e-Science Factory & Joonas Kesäniemi, CSC

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What do we mean by mappings?

"A **mapping** defines connections or relationships between different information elements by identifying similarities, correspondences, and alignments. Mappings include different types of connections, depending on the level of the elements that are being mapped."

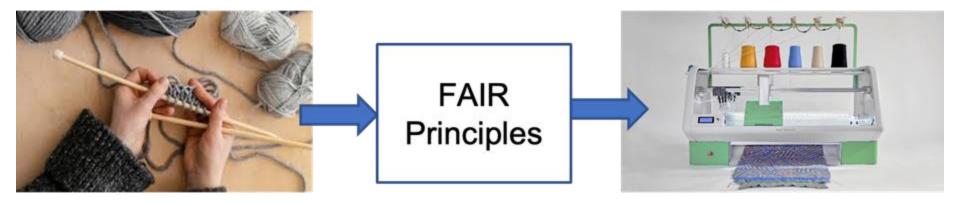
"A crosswalk is a set of mappings connecting two information objects together"

Moving towards FAIR mappings and crosswalks. Jana Martínková, Nick Juty, Alejandra Gonzalez Beltran, Carole Goble and Yann Le Franc CEUR Workshop Proceeding - Vol-3882

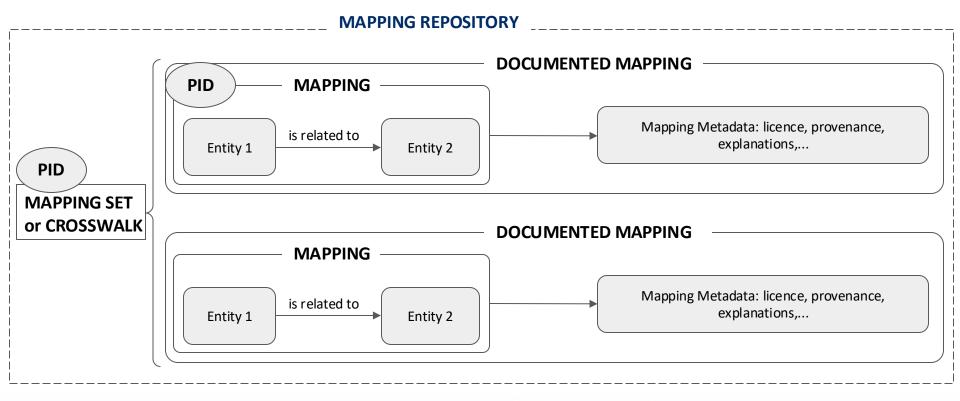




Why making mappings FAIR?



What do we mean by FAIR mappings and crosswalks?





The two sides of the FAIR Mappings in FAIR-IMPACT

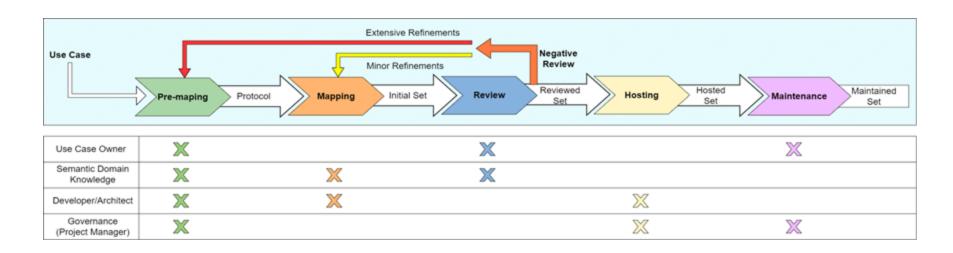
- Analysis of the requirements and technical recommendations for making mappings
 FAIR
- Practical aspects of mappings from creation to maintenance: understanding and documenting community practices

Open survey to collect information on mapping practices

Contribute to the survey here



Practical Mapping Framework



Juty, N., Le Franc, Y., Goble, C., & Martínková, J. (2024). FAIR-IMPACT Task 4.4 Workshop: Developing a Mapping Process Framework (1.0). Zenodo. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.12521432



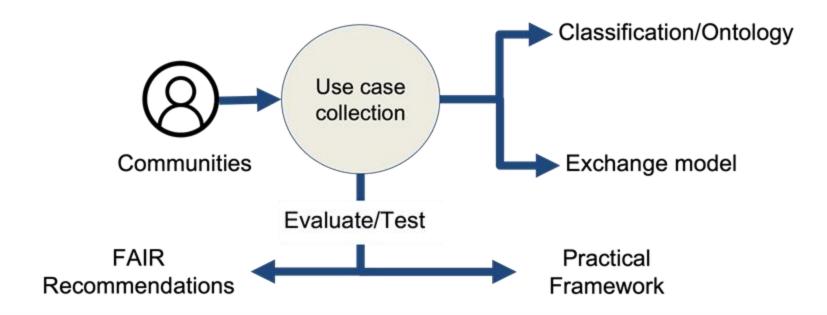
FAIR Mapping recommendations

- Grouped the 15 individual FAIR principles into 4 categories:
 - Model and Format: Interoperability (I1, I2, I3) and Reusability (R1, R1.1, R1.2, R1.3)
 - O Metadata: Findability (F2, F3) and Reusability (R1, R1.1, R1.2, R1.3)
 - o **PID**: Findability (F1, F3)
 - Service and API: Accessibility (A1, A1.1, A1.2, A2) and Findability (F4)
- Established 14 Recommendations covering the different categories
- FAIR Mapping recommendation document to be released soon



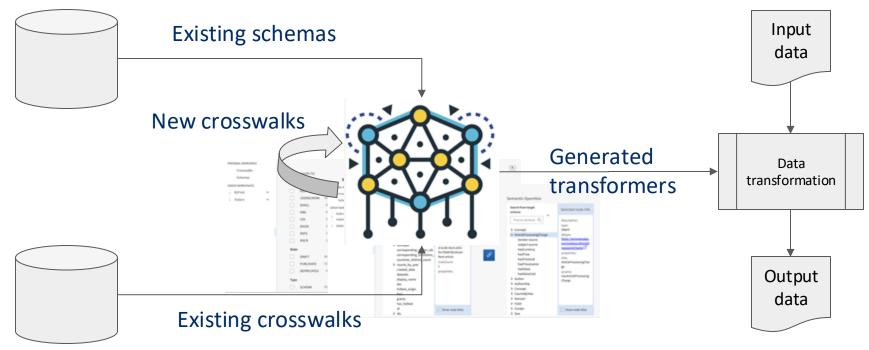
RDA FAIR Mapping WG: a path to sustainability

RDA FAIR Mapping WG: endorsed on 13/02/2025





Metadata Schema and Crosswalk Registry





Metadata Schema and Crosswalk Registry (MSCR)

- Semantic artefact repository and more
- Goal is to implement the FAIR Mappings recommendations
- Two major development "tracks"
 - Registry/repository functionality
 - Crosswalk definition and operationalization
- Both contribute to the big A
 - Hosts metadata and content
 - Making crosswalks understandable for a wider audience (Visualization vs code/configuration)

Class A MSCR Features

- PIDs for all content
 - Crosswalk = set of mappings
- Versioning
 - Accessing a specific or latest version of the content
- Metadata and content always available
 - Published content is immutable
 - Tombstoning → Metadata remains



FAIR Semantic Artefact and their Catalogues

Clement Jonquet, INRAE





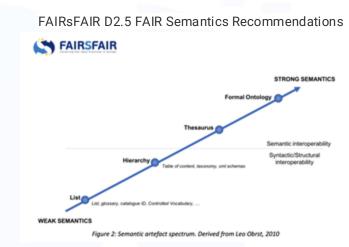
A couple of definitions (not absolute, but adopted in EOSC)

Semantic artefacts: a broader term to include ontologies, terminologies, taxonomies, thesauri, vocabularies, metadata schemas and standards.

Legacy of FAIRsFAIR and adopted in the EOSC Interoperabibily Framework

Semantic artefact catalogues: encompass any existing ontology repositories, registries, vocabulary/terminology services and metadata schemas catalogues.

(Semantic) Crosswalks and mappings: formal links between the content of these semantic artefacts.

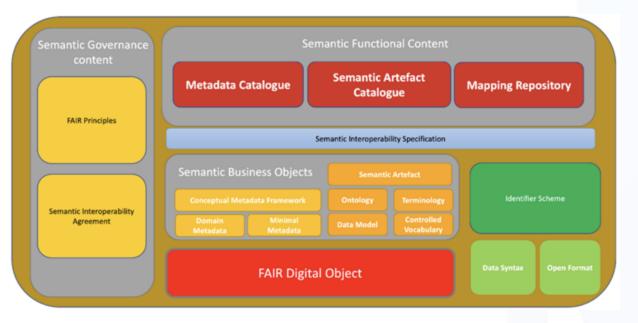


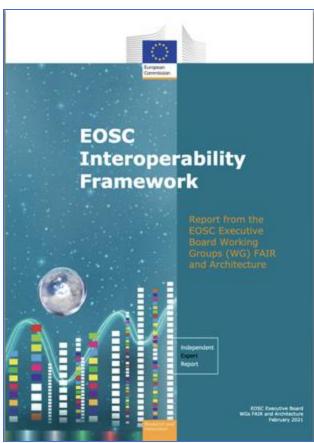
A semantic artefact is defined in this work as a machineactionable and -readable formalisation of a conceptualisation, enabling sharing and reuse by humans and machines. These artefacts may have a broad range of formalisation, from loose sets of terms, taxonomies, thesauri to higher-order logics.

Moreover, semantic artefacts are serialised using a variety of digital representation formats, e.g., RDF Turtle, and OWL, using XML (RDF) and JSON-LD.



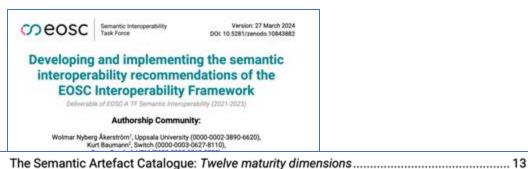
Semantic Artefact Catalogue in the EOSC Interoperability Framework







A subject studied by the EOSC task forces



Milan Ojsteršek³, University of Maribor (0000-0003-1748-8300). Silvio Peroni², University of Bologna (0000-0003-6530-4305), Andrea Schamhorst², DANS-9NAW (0000-0001-8879-6798), Lars Vogi², Ti8 (0000-0002-8280-0457), Heinrich Widmann³, DKRZ (0000-0001-9871-2687)

scientific data

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A maturity model for catalogues of semantic artefacts

Oscar Corcho, Fajar J. Ekaputra, Ivan Heibi, Clement Jonquet, Andras Micsik, Silvio Peroni [™] & Emanuele Storti

Scientific Data 11, Article number: 479 (2024) | Cite this article

839 Accesses | 1 Citations | 5 Altmetric | Metrics

Abstract

This work presents a maturity model for assessing catalogues of semantic artefacts, one of the keystones that permit semantic interoperability of systems. We defined the dimensions and related features to include in the maturity model by analysing the current literature and existing catalogues of semantic artefacts provided by experts. In addition, we assessed 26 different catalogues to demonstrate the effectiveness of the maturity model, which includes 12 different dimensions (Metadata, Openness, Quality, Availability, Statistics, PID, Governance, Community, Sustainability, Technology, Transparency, and Assessment) and 43 related features (or sub-criteria) associated with these dimensions. Such a maturity model is one of the first attempts to provide recommendations for governance and processes for preserving and maintaining semantic artefacts and helps assess/address interoperability challenges.

Ontology repositories help to make ontologies FAIR

indable indable

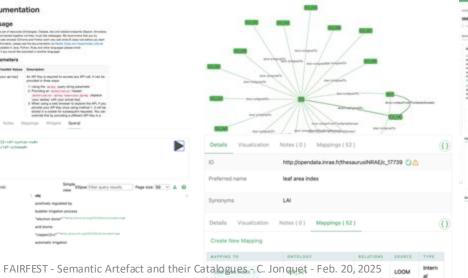


















Greater and more harmonised use of semantic artefacts throughout the EOSC ecosystem, leading to semantic interoperability within and between disciplines.

WP4 work on Semantic Artefact and their Catalogues

WP4 will develop and foster the uptake of a semantic framework for the governance, creation, mapping, sharing, reuse, FAIRness assessment and interoperability of semantic artefacts for EOSC.





Main focus of WP4

...implementation of FAIR-enabling practices across communities and research outputs

WP4's use cases include

- Agri-food (INRAE with AgroPortal, EMPHASIS, ANAEE)
- Ecology/biodiversity (LifeWatch with EcoPortal)
- Earth sciences (CNRS with DataTerra EarthPortal)
- Photons and neutrons (UKRI-STFC)
- Social sciences and humanities (DANS)
- Astronomy (Obs. Paris)

...projecting
the FAIR
principles to
other types of
research
objects

WP4's research objects



Semantic Artefact



Mapping & Crosswalk



Research Software



Our work on Semantic Artefacts and their Catalogues



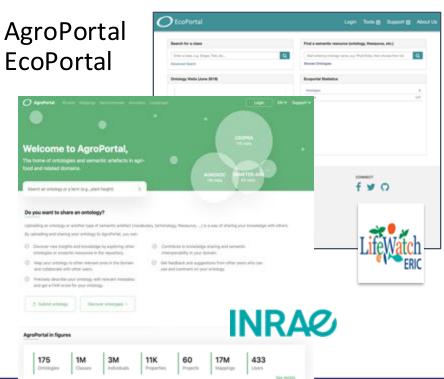
- Existing catalogues being consolidated in communities
- New catalogues being deployed in other communities/projects
- Semantic Artefact « FAIR-by-design » methodology
- FAIRenabling tools and methods being transferred
- Exhaustive review of current and retired catalogues and FAIR-enabling criteria
- Catalogues being exploited in data repositories (9 use cases)
- A metadata standard for semantic artefacts (MOD)
- A standard API for semantic artefact catalogues (MOD-API)
- Early work on federation of 4 catalogues
- 3 possible models for semantic artefact governance
- Toward specifications for FAIR mappings





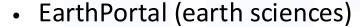


Existing catalogues being consolidated in communities



New catalogues being deployed in other communities/projects

Inside of FAIR-IMPACT





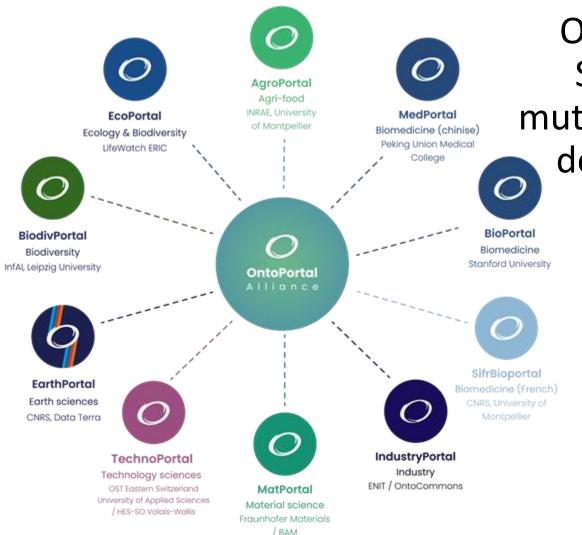
EscapePortal (astronomy)



...and outside (technological sciences, SSH, biodiversity)



Working with other approaches too: Linked Open Vocabularies, CESSDA Vocabularies, etc.



OntoPortal Alliance:
Synchronizing and
mutualizing research and
development efforts

Representing OntoPortal adopters and end users

- to maximize OntoPortal value (state-of-the-art service portfolio)
- to improve OntoPortal software while managing several parallel and different installations
- to increase semantic uptake in science communities and facilitate adoption of the FAIR principles
- to increase the ecosystem's long term operational and financial health



FAIRenabling tools and methods being transferred

 4 new deployments of O'FAIRe (the Ontology FAIRness Evaluator)

 A methodology developed and implemented first in AgroPortal



O'FAIRe deployments:

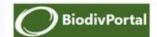








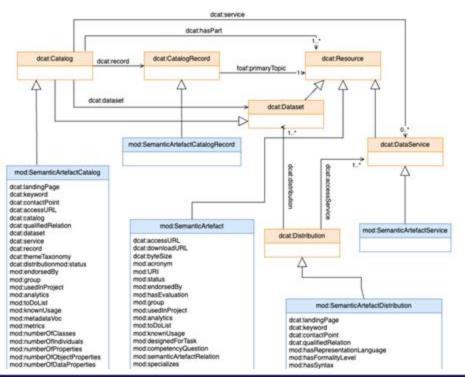




E. Amdouni, S. Bouazzouni, C. Jonquet. **O'FAIRe: Ontology FAIRness Evaluator in the AgroPortal semantic resource repository**. *ESWC 2022 - 19th Extended Semantic Web Conference, Poster and demonstration*, May 2022, Hersonissos, Greece. <u>(10.1007/978-3-031-11609-4-17)</u>



A metadata standard for semantic artefacts (MOD)



Based on DCAT



Project Title Expanding FAIR solutions across EOSC

36 months

Project Acronym FAIR-IMPACT Grant Agreement No. 101057344 Start Date of Project 2022-06-01

Duration of Project

Project Website https://fair-impact.eu/

1 M4.3 - Specification of semantic artefact description

Work Package	WP 4, Metadata and Ontologies			
Lead Author (Org)	Alejandra Gonzalez-Beltran¹ (UKRI-STFC), Antony Wilson² (UKRI-STFC)			
Contributing Author(s) (Org)	Biswanath Dutta¹ (ISI), Daniel Garijo¹ (UPM), Clement Jonquet¹ (INRAE), Yann Le Franc¹ (eSDF), María Poveda-Villalón¹ (UPM)			
Due Date	2024-02-29			
Date	2024-02-29			
Version	V1.0			
DOI	10.5281/zenodo.10725304			



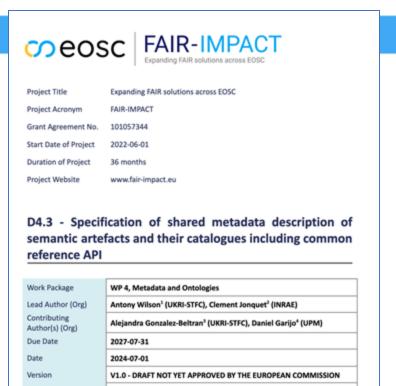
https://github.com/FAIR-IMPACT/MOD



A standard API for semantic artefact catalogues (MOD-API)

FAIR-IMPACT's implementation action for MOD-API (after a dedicated open call) gathers 16 SAC providers





https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.12579778



DOI

https://github.com/FAIR-IMPACT/MOD-API















OntoPortal Federation: SAC talking one-another!

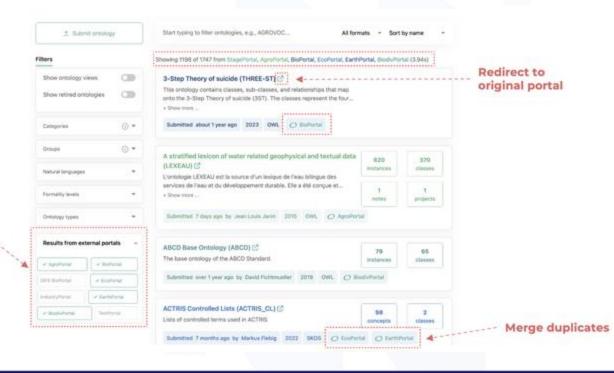
- Explore ontologies across the four portals, using:
 - federated browsing
 - federated search

- But also federated:
 - APIs,
- OntoPortal

Connect to

external

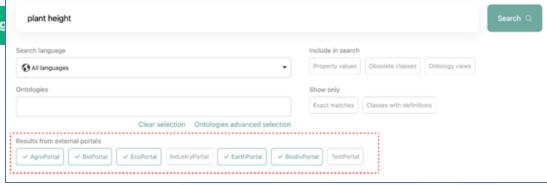
- user interfaces,
- documentation,
- Categories
- and more!





Federated Search

- A new dimension to SA exploration by enabling users to search concepts and classes not only within the local SAC but also across other federated OntoPortal instances
- Results are merged and sorted
- Move to the original portal if the result is from a federated portal





plant height - Biodiversity Thes	
O BioPortal	
plant height - Biodiversity Ther http://data.teters.html; (6737/063-0463) 14 more from this ontology V	
Plant Material Height - The Eco http://www.deteree.org/select/CSO_000012 Height of a physical entity that is a pla	
• 17 more from this antology V	→ Reuses in 1 ontologies → ○ BioPortal
Plant height/width ratio - Groun	CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
• 1 more from this entalogy ~	O AgroPortal
http://locehool.8080/upenthess2/hdcs10	aurus of Plant Characteristics (TOP) 9706/818728 sidering the highest reproductive component
O Details O Vigualize X 1	t mappings ■ 2 more from this cotology ✓ 4 Reuses in 1 cotologies ✓







3 approaches to SAC interoperability

FA

Expandi

MOD-API

- Each SAC implements a shared/standard API
- - API needs to be produced and maintained
- - need SAC to commit to implement API □ Open call
- ++ more robust
- ++ no proxy or indirection
- ++ more sustainable
- ++ engage SACs towards interoperability



OntoPorta

- SACs are already interoperable at API/backend level and may federate their content (at UI level)
- + + no need to implement another API
- + + federation is straightforward as APIs are the same
- - works only for OntoPortal



PI Gateway

- SACs do nothing, TS4NFDI implements the wrappers to consume SKOSMOSbased, OLS-based and OntoPortal-based SACs
- + + very convenient for SACs
- - need a proxy in the middle
- - less sustainable
- - does not engage SACs on the interoperable path





Deliverables (done & upcoming)

- D4.1 Semantic artefact governance models and disciplinary approaches for inclusion within EOSC
- M4.2 Processes & tools to engineer FAIR semantic artefacts
- D4.3 Specification of shared metadata description of semantic artefacts and their catalogues including common reference API
- D4.4 Guidelines for recommended metadata standard for research software within EOSC
- D4.2 FAIR semantic artefact lifecycle from engineering, to sharing
- D4.5 Guidelines and methodology to create, document and share mappings and crosswalks
- D4.6 Use case driven validation of semantic artefact exploitation within data repositories



Say Hi! to Semanta

Other Milestones documents

- M4.1 Semantic artefact governance models: example of community practices
- M5.3 Semantic artefact FAIRness assessment methodology ready
- M4.4 Review of semantic artefact catalogues and guidelines for serving FAIR semantic artefacts in EOSC
- M4.5 Internal and external use case evaluation & demonstrators



Conclusion

- Semantic Artefact Catalogues are a key component of the EOSC Interoperability Framework
- In FAIR-IMPACT, we strongly relied on OntoPortal and made this SAC technology stronger to support FAIR SAs
- Every new community, every new use cases brings new ideas.
 Participate. Join. FAIR-IMPACT was a catalyser.
- There are even more dimensions to semantic artefacts (governance, mappings, etc.). Check out our deliverables.











Summary

Questions?



DTR on the roadmap of implementing FDOs

Hans Lienhop, GDWG

Concerning Fair Digital Objects

What are FAIR Digital Objects?

FAIR Digital Objects (FDO) bind all critical information about an entity in one place and create a new kind of actionable, meaningful and technology independent object that pervades every aspect of life today: A technical essence of a "thing" in cyberspace

"FAIR Digital Objects combine dataspaces as the Internet combined computer networks"

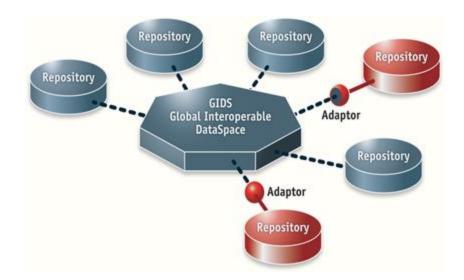
🗸 Why are they important?

FAIR Digital Objects (FDO) provide a conceptual and implementation framework to develop scalable cross-disciplinary capabilities, deal with the increasing data volumes and their inherent complexity, build tools that help to increase trust in data, create mechanisms to efficiently operate in the domain of scientific assertions, and promote data interoperability.

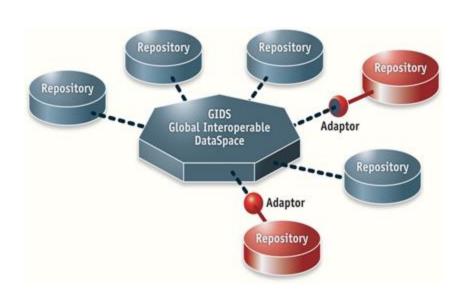
"The Web was designed to enable humans to access media data, the GIDS with FDOs is designed to enable access to all data by humans <u>and</u> machines."

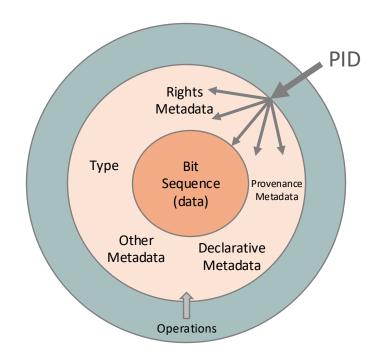
FAIR DIGITAL OBJECTS FORUM

Concerning Fair Digital Objects

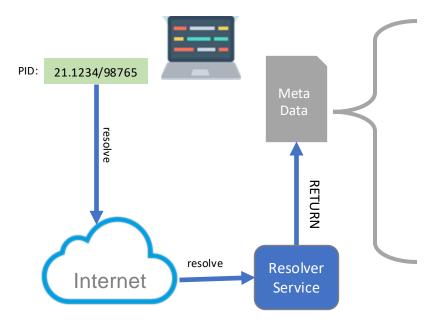


Concerning Fair Digital Objects





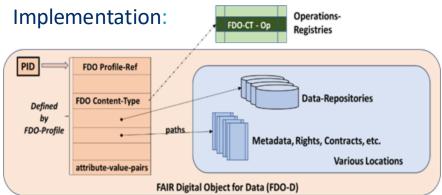
Resolving an FDO PID



- Who created
- What is it about
- · What can be done with it
- How is it related to other objects
- ...
- What is the license.
- · Who is the owner
- ...
- and other more technical meta data

From Theory to Practice

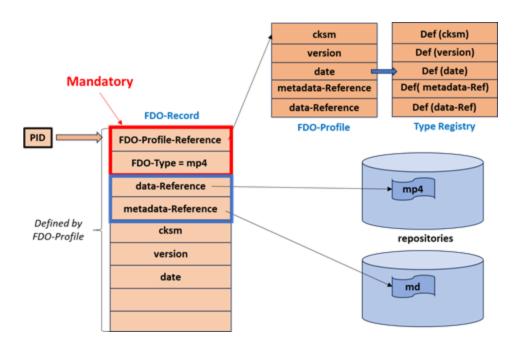
Rights Metadata Other Declarative Metadata Metadata Metadata Other Metadata



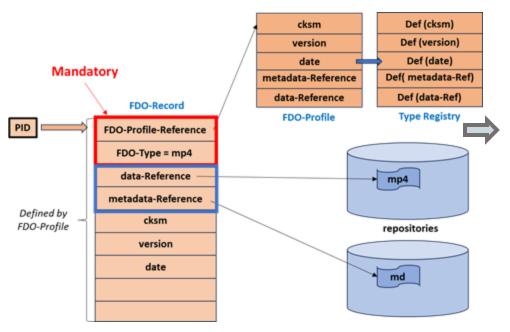
- A PID resolves to an FDO Record which is a protected set of attributes
- A Profile defines the set of attributes in the record
- Only a very minimal set of attributes is mandatory

Operations

From Theory to Practice



From Theory to Practice



Han	Handle Values for: 21.T11967/7cac06ea60e01a96ee02				
Inde	x Type	Timestamp	Data		
100	HS_ADMIN	2024-12-01 10:44:442	handle=0.NA/21.T11967; index=300; [cre- admin,del admin,add admin,list]		
1	10320/loc	2024-12-01 10:44:442	<pre><locations> Z </locations></pre>		

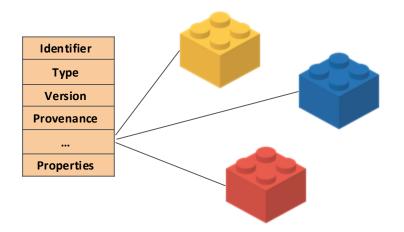
The Data Type Registry



- Data Type: A grouping of Data Values based on a set of possible values
- Using Persistent Identifiers to ensure Accessibility and Interoperability
- Promotes the **reuse** of existing assets and the compliance with data **standards**
- Increase the **machine actionability** of Data Types and Metadata
- Validate conformity of data with data types

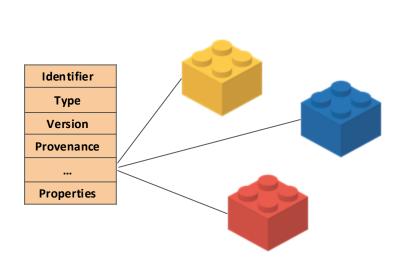
The Data Type Registry

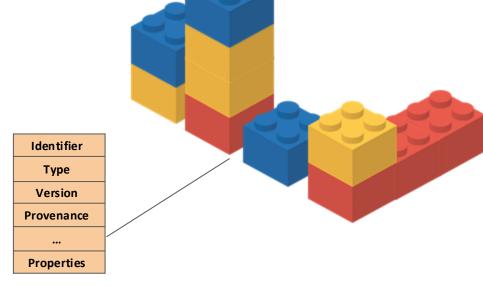


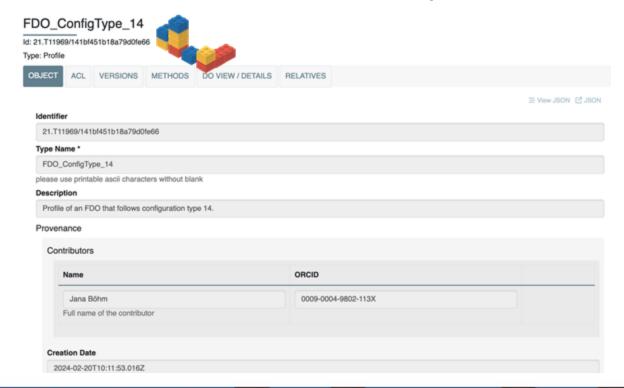


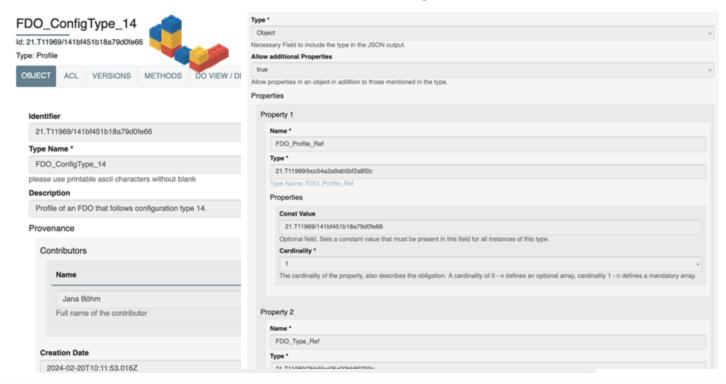
The Data Type Registry

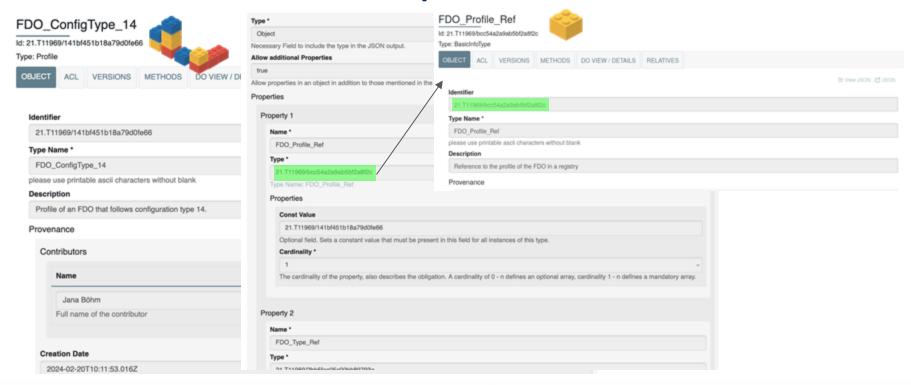




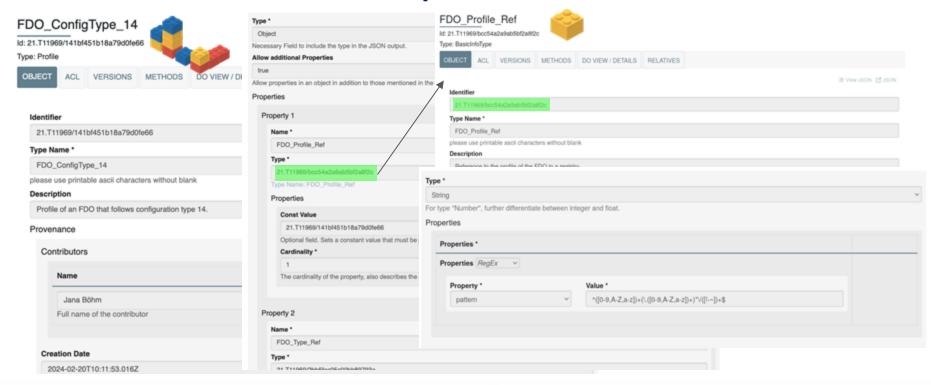














Handle Values for: 21.T11967/7cac06ea60e01a96ee02			
Index	x Type	Timestamp	Data
100	HS_ADMIN	2024-12-01 10:44:442	, handle=0.NA/21.T11967; index=300; [cre: 'admin,del admin,add admin,list]
1	10320/loc	2024-12-01 10:44:44Z	<pre><locations> , <location <="" href="https://cordra.testbed.pid.q" th=""></location></locations></pre>
2	id	2024-12-01 10:44:442	21.T11967/7cac06ea60e01a96ee02
3	name	2024-12-01 13:51:112	sensor_data_bme2080_26083_20241130
4	FDO_MD_Refs	2024-12-01 10:44:442	[21.T11967/5c17b5b735a90c555725]
5	FDO_Data_Refs	2024-12-01 10:44:442	[21.T11967/d174f6c0b2a4abda913b]
6	FDO_Profile_Ref	2024-12-01 10:44:442	21.T11969/141bf451b18a79d0fe66
7	FDO_Type_Ref	2024-12-01 10:44:442	21.1/sensordata
8	creationDate	2024-12-01 13:51:112	2024-12-01T10:44:44.863Z
9	modificationDate	2024-12-01 13:51:112	2024-12-01T13:51:11.612Z
10	createdBy	2024-12-01 13:51:112	admin
11	modifiedBy	2024-12-01 13:51:112	admin
12	FDO_Status	2024-12-01 13:51:112	created
13	FDO_Rights_Ref	2024-12-01 13:51:112	21.1/CC0
14	FDO_Genre_Ref	2024-12-01 13:51:11Z	21.1/thisIsAnFdoGenre
15	0.TYPE/ DOIPService	2024-12-01 13:51:11Z	21.T11967/service

```
▼ Object

    @id: "21.T11969/141bf451b18a79d0fe66"
    type: "object"
    additionalProperties: true
    ▶ required: Array[3]
    ▼ properties: Object
        ▶ FDO_Profile_Ref: Object
        ▶ FDO_Type_Ref: Object
        ▶ FDO_Data_Refs: Object
        ▶ FDO_MD_Refs: Object
        ▶ FDO_Rights_Ref: Object
        ▶ FDO_Genre_Ref: Object
        ▶ FDO_Status: Object
    description: "Profile of an FDO that follows configuration type 14."
    title: "FDO_ConfigType_14"
    $schema: "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#"
```



Handle Values for: 21.T11967/7cac06ea60e01a96ee02				
Index	к Туре	Timestamp	Data	
100	HS_ADMIN	2024-12-01 10:44:442	Z handle=0.NA/21.T11967; index=300; [cre- admin,del admin,add admin,list]	
1	10320/loc	2024-12-01 10:44:442	<pre><locations> Z <location <="" <location="" href="https://cordra.testbed.pid.q" locations=""></location></locations></pre>	
2	id	2024-12-01 10:44:442	Z 21.T11967/7cac06ea60e01a96ee02	
3	name	2024-12-01 13:51:112	Z sensor_data_bme2080_26083_20241130	
4	FDO_MD_Refs	2024-12-01 10:44:442	Z [21.T11967/5c17b5b735a90c555725]	
5	FDO_Data_Refs	2024-12-01 10:44:442	Z [21.T11967/d174f6c0b2a4abda913b]	
6	FDO_Profile_Ref	2024-12-01 10:44:442	Z 21.T11969/141bf451b18a79d0fe66	
7	FDO_Type_Ref	2024-12-01 10:44:442	Z 21.1/sensordata	
8	creationDate	2024-12-01 13:51:112	Z 2024-12-01T10:44:44.863Z	
9	modificationDate	2024-12-01 13:51:112	Z 2024-12-01T13:51:11.612Z	
10	createdBy	2024-12-01 13:51:112	Z admin	
11	modifiedBy	2024-12-01 13:51:112	Z admin	
12	FDO_Status	2024-12-01 13:51:112	Z created	
13	FDO_Rights_Ref	2024-12-01 13:51:112	Z 21.1/CC0	
14	FDO_Genre_Ref	2024-12-01 13:51:112	Z 21.1/thisIsAnFdoGenre	
15	0.TYPE/ DOIPService	2024-12-01 13:51:112	Z 21.T11967/service	

```
▼ Object

    @id: "21.T11969/141bf451b18a79d0fe66
    type: "object"
    additionalProperties: true
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    ▼ properties: Object
        ▶ FDO_Profile_Ref: Object
        ▶ FDO_Type_Ref: Object
        ▶ FDO_Data_Refs: Object
        ▶ FDO_MD_Refs: Object
        ▶ FDO_Rights_Ref: Object
        ▶ FDO_Genre_Ref: Object
        ▶ FDO_Status: Object
    description: "Profile of an FDO that follows configuration type 14."
    title: "FDO_ConfigType_14"
    $schema: "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#"
```

Visit the Marketplace!







Panel Discussion

FAIRfest 20 February 2025
The Hague, The Netherlands (Madurodam)
Celebrating the advancements in FAIR solutions for EOSC

Any Questions? Submit them on Mentimeter!

Join at menti.com!

Use code 6927 7068







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