

Managing mappings at scale

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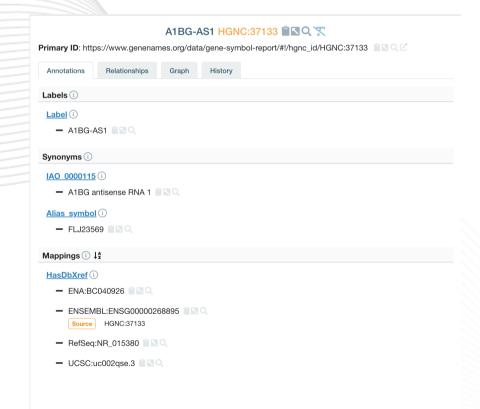




Mappings from public sources



- More than 10 million extracted
- Often have weak semantics many use has_dbxref
- Prefixes of CURIEs ambiguous need normalization (HT Bioregistry and https://identifiers.org/)
- Hard to judge quality



Available ontology mappings



- Many mappings available in the public domain provided by terminologies e.g.
 - MedDRA->SNOMED CT (https://www.meddra.org/software-packages)
 - MedDRA->ICD10 (https://www.meddra.org/software-packages)
 - SNOMED CT->ICD10 (https://www.snomed.org/maps)
 - SNOMED CT to ICD-O (https://www.snomed.org/maps)



Mapping challenges





Locating mappings



Normalizing mappings



Provenance/quality



Custom mappings

Governance Versioning Updates





Rule-based

- Lexical mapping e.g., Agreement Maker Light (AML)
- Looking at label and synonym string similarity
- Structural/logic based e.g., LogMap
 - Exploit the ontology structure and relationships to infer mappings

Machine learning

- Word embeddings e.g., word2vec
- Language models e.g., BERTMap, MapperGPT

Ontology matching for life sciences



- Generally combing approaches work best
- Existing tools can generate large amounts of "likely" mappings

Challenges

- Difficult setup and installation of tools
- Poor performance over large terminologies
- Lack of emphasis on curation, versioning and maintenance
 - Lack a good user interface
- Subtly and complexity of life-science vocabulary e.g. indication vs phenotype vs adverse event
- Semantics of what constitutes a match is often context dependent

SciBite mapping service

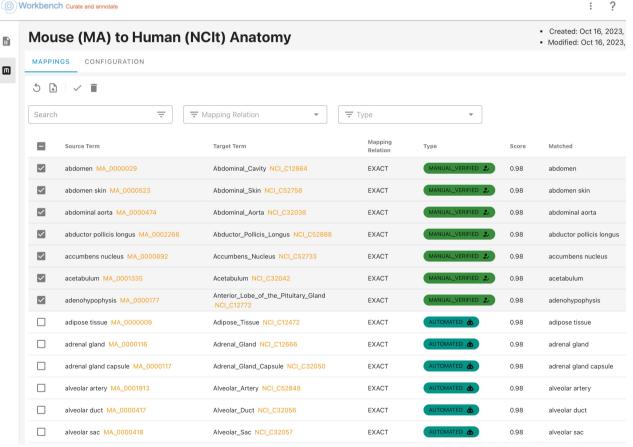


- Normalize mappings derived from ontologies
- Add reciprocal mappings
- Provide SSSOM-compliant metadata so they can be filtered
- CURIE-index based on Bioregistry
- Supplemented with value public sets
- SciBite-curated sets to fill gaps
- Access via SciBite tools CENtree, SciBiteSearch
- Supplement with custom mappings from WorkBench

SciBite Workbench



- Platform for generating mappings at scale
- Utilizing SciBite's NER technology, public sources and SciBite curated vocabularies to predict and score mappings
- Allows curators to review and validate mappings prior to publishing
- Easy to use and manage versions and provenance of mappings

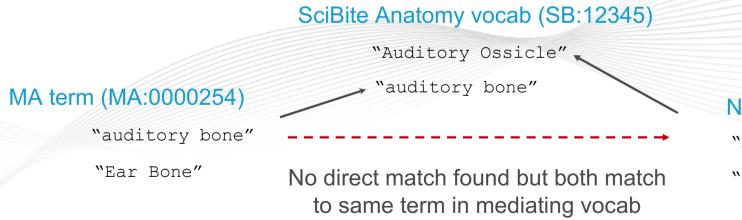


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Utilising SciBite's Mediating Vocabularies



- Utilising SciBite extensive curated vocabularies and public sources to act as mediators when generating mappings between source and target ontologies that have very little metadata (synonyms on terms)
 - You can supply a mediating vocab to help find more mappings
 - E.g., When mapping two anatomy ontologies e.g., MA and NCIt anatomy, we can use SciBite Anatomy vocab to help discover potential matches



NCI Term (NCI:C32164)

"Auditory Ossicle"

"Bone of the Tympanum"

Workbench Curate and annotate

Add New Mapping

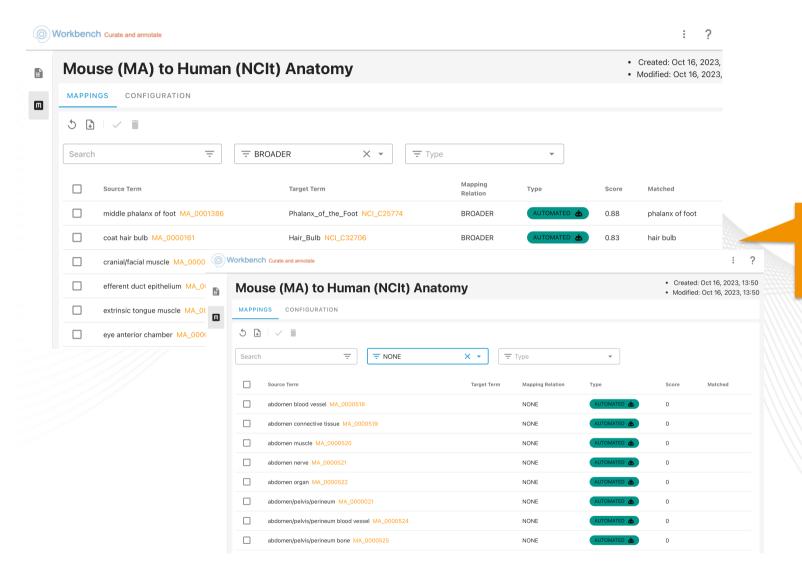
Creating an ontology alignment in SciBite
Workbench

Workbench identifies potential masking terms

Workbench will identify
SciBite vocabularies
that will act as
mediators

Mouse (MA) to Human (NCIt) Anatomy 34 / 100 Source Ontology × - 0 MOUSE_MAPPING Target Ontology \times - Ω HUMAN_MAPPING Mask Terms artery (166) 🛭 muscle (149) 🔕 nerve (107) 🛭 nucleus (106) X SUGGEST MASK TERMS vein (180) 🛭 ganglion (36) hand (36) 😵 lower (37) 🔕 foot (37) 🔕 renal (41) 🔕 cortex (41) vertebra (44) left (44) Skin (45) digit (48) 🛭 connective (48) right (49) 🛭 dorsal (46) respiratory (47) smooth (51) layer (52) 🔕 duct (54) blood (54) 🔕 epithelium (85) system (87) bone (94) 🛭 gland (97) 🔕 ✓ Best Hits only Exact Match only Cutoff score 0.7 **2** Mediating Ontology SUGGEST MEDIATING ONTOLOGY Anatomy GENERATE MAPPING CANCEL

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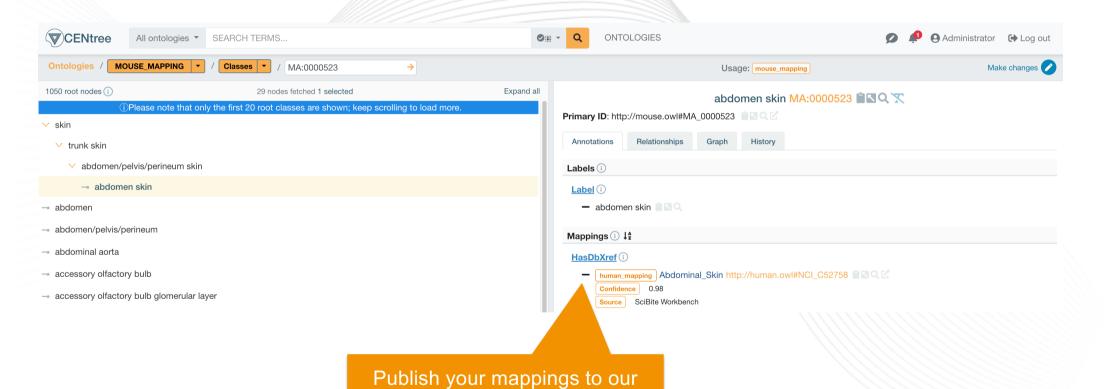


Can quickly filter on Exact, Broader or No match

Explore mappings of different quality

Publish your mappings to users





Ontology Management System (CENtree) with provenance

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